SF

Schedule for joint filers with different states of residence

2004

Attach to Form ND-1 or ND-2

▶ Important—This schedule is to be used only by married persons who file a joint federal income tax return but are required to file separate North Dakota returns because they have different states of residence. See Who must complete in the instructions for more information.

Part 1 Calculation of spouses' separate federal taxable incomes

	 Complete Column A first by entering the amounts from your joint federal return. Then complete Columns B and C to show the amounts belonging to each spouse. See separate instructions sheet. 	Column A Total from federal return	Column B Full-year resident spouse	Full-year nonresident or part-year resident spouse
A.	Enter the name of each spouse in the appropriate column—see instru	actions	1	
В.	Social security number of spouse			
	Income			
1.	Wages, salaries, and tips (from line 7 of Form 1040 or 1040A, or line 1 of Form 1040EZ)			
2.	Interest and dividend income (add lines 8a and 9a of Form 1040 or 1040A, or amount from line 2 of Form 1040EZ)			
3. 4. 5.	Form 1040, or amount from line 10 of Form 1040A)			
6.	Form 1040, or lines 11b and 12b of Form 1040A)			
8.	or lines 13 and 14b of Form 1040A, or amount from line 3 of Form 1040EZ)			
9.	Total income. Add lines 1 through 8			
	Adjustments to income			
10.	Education expenses (add lines 23, 26 and 27 of Form 1040, or lines 16, 18 and 19 of Form 1040A)			
11. 12. 13.	Moving expenses (from line 29 of Form 1040)			
14.	Form 1040A)			
16.	Total adjustments. Add lines 10 through 14			
18.	Standard deduction or itemized deductions, whichever applies	•		
19. 20.	Exemptions	ete Part 2 on page 2.		
	Line 21—Form ND-2 users only (see instructions)		•	
21.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Not applicable
	b. Federal income tax for Schedule 3 (Form ND-2) only 21b			

Part 2 Calculation of tax for Form ND-1 filers only

	 Complete this part only if Form ND-1 is used by one or both spouses. If completing this part, complete lines 1 through 14 of BOTH columns even if only one spouse is going to use Form ND-1. See separate instructions sheet. 	Column B Full-year resident spouse	Column C Full-year nonresident or part-year resident spouse
1.	Federal taxable income from Part 1, line 20, Columns B and C		
	Additions		
2.	Lump sum distribution from Federal Form 4972		
3.	Loss from pass-through entity subject to North Dakota's financial institution tax		
4.	Add lines 1, 2 and 3		
	Subtractions		
5.	Interest from U.S. obligations		
6.	Net long-term capital gain exclusion		
7.	Exempt income of a Native American		
8.	Benefits received from the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board		
9.	Income from pass-through entity subject to North Dakota's financial institution tax9		
10.	Renaissance zone income exemption		
11.	New or expanding business income exemption		
12.	National Guard/Reserve member federal active duty pay exclusion		
13.	Nonresident only: Servicemember Civil Relief Act adjustment		
14.	North Dakota taxable income. Subtract lines 5 through 13 from line 4		
	Tax calculation		
15.	Add the amounts on line 14, Columns B and C	(NS) 15	
16.	Go to the Tax Table on page 18 of the 2004 Form ND-1 instruction booklet. In the Married filing jointly column, find the tax on the amount on line 15	16	
	► Complete lines 17 and 18 for each spouse using Form ND-1.		
17.	Divide the spouse's separate North Dakota taxable income on line 14 by the amount on line 15. Round to the nearest two decimal places		
18.	Form ND-1 tax. Multiply line 16 by the decimal number on line 17		

▶ After completing Schedule SF, see **How to complete the North Dakota return** in the instructions to this schedule.

Who must complete

Complete Schedule SF *only if* you meet all three of the following conditions:

- 1. You are married.
- 2. You and your spouse are filing a joint federal income tax return for the tax year.
- 3. You and your spouse had different states of residence (one of which is North Dakota) for the tax year. You and your spouse had different states of residence if you fall into one of the following categories:
 - One spouse is a full-year resident of North Dakota and the other spouse is a full-year nonresident.
 - One spouse is a full-year resident of North Dakota and the other spouse is a part-year resident of North Dakota.
 - One spouse is a part-year resident of North Dakota and the other spouse is a full-year nonresident.

If all three of the above conditions apply, you must file a separate North Dakota return using the "Married filing separately" filing status. However, if you are a full-year nonresident of North Dakota who has no gross income from North Dakota sources, you are not required to file a North Dakota return. If only one spouse is required to file, attach a statement to the return of the spouse who is filing to explain this.

In addition to Schedule SF, the full-year nonresident spouse, if required to file a North Dakota return, or the part-year resident spouse must complete:

- Schedule ND-1NR, if using Form ND-1; or
- Schedule 3, if using Form ND-2.

Complete Schedule SF first, and then complete Schedule ND-1NR or Schedule 3, whichever applies.

How to complete Schedule SF

Note: Complete all of the columns on the schedule even if one of the spouses is not required to file a North Dakota return.

Step 1

Complete Part 1, lines A through 20, to determine the separate federal taxable income for each spouse.

Step 2

If both you and your spouse are going to use Form ND-1, complete the remainder of Schedule SF as follows:

- ► Skip lines 21a and 21b of Part 1.
- ► Complete Part 2, lines 1 through 18.

If both you and your spouse are going to use Form ND-2 (Optional Method), complete line 21. Do not complete Part 2.

If you are going to use Form ND-1 and your spouse is going to use Form ND-2 (or vice versa), complete both Part 1 and Part 2.

Step 3

See **How to complete the North Dakota return** on page 2 of these instructions for how to transfer the information from Schedule SF to Form ND-1 or Form ND-2. Disregard the federal income tax return line references shown on the North Dakota return (Form ND-1 or ND-2) and in its instructions. Instead, the separate federal information for each spouse as determined in Part 1 of Schedule SF must be used to fill in the federal amounts asked for on the separate North Dakota returns. After transferring the information, complete the remainder of the North Dakota return using the regular instructions.

Specific line instructions for Part 1

Lines A and B

Enter your names and social security numbers in the appropriate columns. Column B is for the full-year resident spouse, and Column C is for the full-year nonresident or part-year resident spouse.

Exception: If you fall into the category in which one spouse is a part-year resident and the other spouse is a full-year nonresident, use Column B for the part-year resident spouse and write "Part-year resident" in the gray box at the top of the column. Use Column C for the full-year nonresident spouse.

Lines 1 through 16

Enter the amounts from your joint federal return on the appropriate lines in Column A. Enter the portion of the amount in Column A belonging to each spouse in Columns B and C. Amounts from jointly owned property must be divided equally between the spouses.

Line 18

Standard deduction—If you used the standard deduction on your federal return, enter in Column A the amount from your federal income tax return as follows:

- If you used Form 1040, enter the amount from line 39.
- If you used Form 1040A, enter the amount from line 24.
- If you used Form 1040EZ, and the "No" box on line 5 was checked, enter \$9,700. Or, if the "Yes" box on line 5 was checked, enter the amount from line E of the Worksheet For Dependents (on the back of Form 1040EZ).
- If you used the Federal TeleFile system to file your federal return, enter the amount from line J (the "Standard Deduction" box) of your TeleFile Tax Record.

If the amount in Column A is \$9,700, enter \$4,850 in Columns B and C. If the amount in Column A is more than \$9,700, enter \$4,850 plus \$950 if spouse is blind or at least 65 years old (\$1,900, if both blind and at least 65 years old) in the appropriate column. If the amount in Column A is less than \$9,700, multiply the amount in Column A by the spouse's ratio on line 17 and enter result in appropriate column.

Itemized deductions—If you filed Federal Form 1040 and claimed itemized deductions instead of the standard deduction, enter the amount from Schedule A (Form 1040), line 28, in Column A. Multiply this amount by the spouse's ratio on line 17 and enter the result in the appropriate column.

Line 19

Enter in Column A the amount from your federal income tax return as follows:

- If you used Federal Form 1040, enter the amount from line 41.
- If you used Federal Form 1040A, enter the amount from line 26.
- If you used Federal Form 1040EZ, and the "No" box on line 5 was checked, enter \$6,200. Or, if the "Yes" box on line 5 was checked, enter the amount from line F of the Worksheet For Dependents (on the back of Form 1040EZ).
- If you used the Federal TeleFile system, enter the amount from line J (the "Exemption Amount" box).

Determine the amount to enter in Columns B and C as follows:

- 1. Each spouse must claim his or her own personal exemption of \$3,100 (if not claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer).
- 2. Exemptions for dependents, if any, must be allocated between the spouses as follows: Multiply the number of dependents by \$3,100. Multiply this result by the spouse's ratio on line 17 and round to the nearest whole exemption amount of \$3,100.

Example: John and Mary have three dependent children. They would multiply \$3,100 by 3 to get \$9,300. If John's ratio (on line 17) is .75 (75%), he would multiply \$9,300 by .75 to get \$6,975. Rounding this to the nearest whole exemption he would claim \$6,200, and Mary would claim \$3,100.

Exception for 1040 filers: If you were required to complete the Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet in the Form 1040 instructions, you must reduce the amounts in items 1 and 2 above by the reduction percentage from the federal worksheet.

Line 21a

Full-year resident using Form ND-2

Enter in Column A the amount from your federal income tax return as follows:

- If you used Form 1040EZ, enter the amount from line 10 less line 8a.
- If you used Form 1040A, enter the amount from line 36 less the alternative minimum tax less lines 41a and 42.
- If you used the Federal TeleFile system to file your federal return, enter the amount from line K (the "Tax" box) less line L (the "Earned Income Credit" box) of your TeleFile Tax Record.
- If you used Form 1040, complete the worksheet (for Form 37, Schedule 2, line 25) on page 10 of the Form ND-2 instruction booklet.

Multiply the amount in Column A by the ratio on line 17 of Column B, and enter the result on line 21a of Column B.

Line 21b Full-year nonresident or part-year resident using Form ND-2

Enter in Column A the amount from your federal income tax return as follows:

- If you used Form 1040EZ, enter the amount from line 10 less line 8a.
- If you used Form 1040A, enter the amount from line 36 less the alternative minimum tax less lines 41a and 42.
- If you used the Federal TeleFile system to file your federal return, enter the amount from line K (the "Tax" box) less line L (the "Earned Income Credit" box) of your TeleFile Tax Record.
- If you used Form 1040, complete the worksheet (for Form 37, Schedule 3, Part 1, line 11) on page 12 of the Form ND-2 instruction booklet.

Multiply the amount in Column A by the ratio on line 17 of Column C, and enter the result on line 21b of Column C.

Exception: If you fall into the category in which one spouse is a part-year resident and the other spouse is a full-year nonresident, use Column B for the part-year resident spouse and use Column C for the full-year nonresident spouse. In this case, multiply the amount in Column A by the spouse's ratio on line 17, and enter the result on line 21b in the appropriate column.

Specific line instructions for Part 2

Complete this part if Form ND-1 is used by one or both spouses. Complete lines 1 through 14 of *both* columns even if only one spouse is going to use Form ND-1. Complete lines 17 and 18 for each spouse using Form ND-1.

Lines 2 and 3

See the instructions to Form ND-1, lines 2 and 3, on page 9 of the Form ND-1 instruction booklet for these adjustments. If applicable, enter the adjustment amount in the appropriate column.

Lines 5 through 13

See the instructions to Form ND-1, lines 5 through 13, on page 9 the Form ND-1 instruction booklet for these adjustments. If applicable, enter the adjustment amount in the appropriate column.

How to complete the North Dakota return

This table shows how to transfer the information from Schedule SF to the North Dakota return—either Form ND-1 or Form ND-2. After transferring the information, complete the remainder of the return using the regular instructions.

Full-year resident spouse

Enter the amount

• If using Form ND-1, transfer the amounts from Schedule SF to Form ND-1 as follows—

Enter the amount from Schedule SF: Part 1, line 16, Column B......Line E Part 2, lines 1 through 14, Column B....Lines 1 through 14 Part 2, line 18, Column B....Line 15

• If using Form ND-2 (Optional Method), transfer the amounts from Schedule SF to Form ND-2, Schedule 2, as follows—

Enter the amount		On Form ND-2,	
	from Schedule SF:	Schedule 2:	
	Part 1, line 16, Column B	Line A	
	Part 1, line 20, Column B	Line 1	
	Part 1, line 21a, Column B	Line 25	

Note: The ratio on Schedule SF, Part 1, line 17, Column B, must be used to apportion the amounts for purposes of Form ND-2, Schedule 2, lines 3 and 20.

Full-year nonresident spouse or part-year resident spouse*

 If using Form ND-1, transfer the amounts from Schedule SF to Form ND-1 and Schedule ND-1NR as follows—

from Schedule SF:	On Form ND-1:
Part 1, line 16, Column C	Line E
Part 2, lines 1 through 14, Column C	Lines 1 through 14
Enter the amount	On Form ND-1,
from Schedule SF:	Schedule ND-1NR:
Part 1, lines 1 through 8, Column C	Lines 1 through 8, Column A
Part 1, lines 10 through 14, Column C	Lines 10 through 14, Column A
Part 1, line 16, Column C	Line 17
Part 2, line 18, Column C	Line 21

 If using Form ND-2 (Optional Method), transfer the amounts from Schedule SF to Form ND-2, Schedule 3 as follows—

Enter the amount	On Form ND-2,
from Schedule SF:	Schedule 3:
Part 1, line 21b, Column C	Part 1, line 11
Part 1, line 18, Column C	Part 1, line 17 or line 22, whichever applies
Part 1, line 19, Column C	Part 1, line 24
Part 1 lines 1 through 15 Column C	Part 2. lines 1 through 15. Column A

Note: The ratio on Schedule SF, Part 1, line 17, Column C, must be used to apportion the amounts for purposes of Form ND-2, Schedule 3, Part 1, lines 18 and 20.

* If you fall into the category in which one spouse is a part-year resident and the other spouse is a full-year nonresident, the part-year year resident must use Column B of Schedule SF, and the full-year nonresident must use Column C of Schedule SF. When transferring amounts from Schedule SF to either Form ND-1 or Form ND-2, the reference to "Column C" in the Schedule SF line references applies to the full-year nonresident spouse. For the part-year resident, substitute "Column B" for "Column C" in the Schedule SF line references in this table.